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INSURER RATE FILING

## ADOPTION OF RATE SERVICE ORGANIZATION PROSPECTIVE LOSS COSTS SUMMARY OF SUPPORTING INFORMATION FORM <br> CALCULATION OF COMPANY LOSS COST MULTIPLIER

1. Line, Subline, Coverage, Territory, Class, etc. combination to which this page applies:

## 2. LOSS COST MODIFICATION FACTOR:

$A$. The insurer hereby files to adopt the prospective loss costs in the captioned reference filing:
(CHECK ONE)
Without modification. (factor = 1.000)

With the modification(s) factor shown below in 2(B). Please describe the nature (e.g., applies only to certain classifications) below and attach supporting data for the modification.
B. Loss Cost Modification Expressed as a Factor (LCMF): $\qquad$ (See examples below)

Example 1: If insurer's loss cost modification is $-10 \%$, then the LCMF is .90 (1.000-.100).
Example 2: If insurer's loss cost modification is $+15 \%$, then the LCMF is $1.15(1.000+150)$.
3. LOSS COST ADJUSTMENT: Development of Expected Loss Ratio. (Attach exhibit detailing insurer expense data and/or other supporting information.)
A. Total Production Expense

Selected Provisions
B. General Expense
C. Taxes, Licenses \& Fees
D. Underwriting Profit \& Contingencies
E. Other (explain)
F. Total

| $\%$ |
| ---: |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| $\%$ |
| 0.00 |

4. DEVELOPMENT OF LOSS COST MULTIPLIER:

4A. Expected Loss Ratio: ELR=100\%-3F =
4 B . ELR in decimal form =
4C. Company Formula Loss Cost Multiplier: $(2 B \div 4 B)=$ $\qquad$
5. Company Selected Loss Cost Multiplier $=$

Explain any differences between 4C and 5:
6. Rate level change for the coverages to which this page applies

